

We are lean, mean, integration machines! Do the following problems in your notebook and then transfer your solutions to the table.



Integral	Solution
$\int f'(x) dx$	$f(x) + C$
$\int_3^7 g'(x) dx$	$g(7) - g(3)$
$\int [h'(x) + 13] dx$	$h(x) + 13x + C$
$\int \sin x dx$	$-\cos x + C$
$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec^2(x) dx$	1
$\int_{-2}^{10} [3x^2 + 2x + 1] dx$	1116
$\int_{10}^{-2} [3x^2 + 2x + 1] dx$	-1116
$\int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta d\theta$	0
$\int (\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) d\theta$	$\theta + C$
$\int \sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} + 1) dx$ SIMPLIFY	$\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$
$\int \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x} dx$ SIMPLIFY	$\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + C$
$\int_2^4 \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} \Big _2^4$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$\int_1^5 f''(x) dx$	$f'(5) - f'(1)$



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$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_1^x f(t) dt = f(x)$$

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$$\int_{\pi}^x \cos t dt = \sin x - \sin \pi$$

$$= \sin x$$

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$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\pi}^x \cos t dt = \cos x$$

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Let  $g(x) = \int_3^x f(t) dt$ . Find  $g(3)$

$$g(3) = \int_3^3 f(t) dt$$

so,  $g(3) = 0$

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$$f(3) + \int_3^7 f'(x) dx = ?$$

$$= f(7)$$


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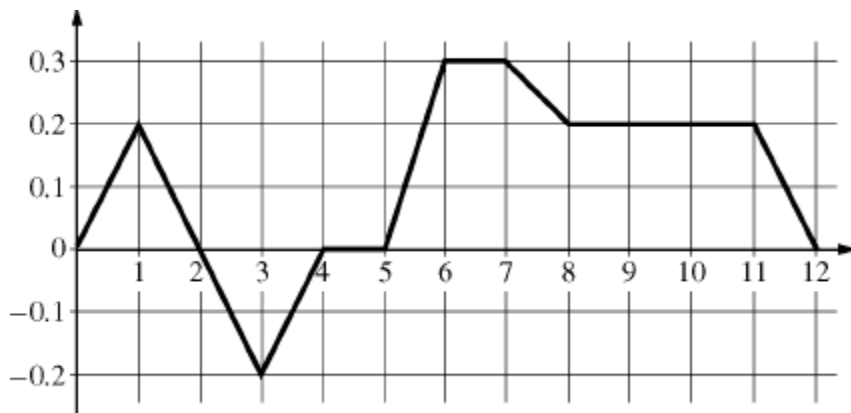
$t$ [seconds]	0	8	20	25	32	40
$v(t)$ [m per sec]	3	8	-10	-8	-4	7

Estimate  $\int_0^{40} v(t) dt$  using a Right Riemann Sum

$$RRAM = 8v(8) + 12v(20) + 5v(25) + 7v(32) + 8v(40)$$

$$= -68 \text{ m}$$


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*f*

Graph of  $f$

Let  $f$  be the function shown above. The function  $g$  is defined by  $\int_0^x f(t) dt$

Find:  $g(0)$ ,  $g(4)$ ,  $g(12)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g(0) &= \int_0^0 f(x) dx \\
 g(0) &= 0
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\}
 \begin{aligned}
 g(4) &= \int_0^4 f(x) dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 f(x) dx + \int_2^4 f(x) dx \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\}
 \begin{aligned}
 g(12) &= \int_0^{12} f(x) dx \\
 &= \int_0^5 f(x) dx + \int_5^{12} f(x) dx \\
 &= 1.4
 \end{aligned}$$

Find  $g'(x)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g'(x) &= \frac{d}{dx} \int_0^x f(t) dt \\
 g'(x) &= f(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

Write the equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $g$  at  $x=1$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Point: } g(1) &= \int_0^1 f(x) dx \\
 g(1) &= 0.1
 \end{aligned}
 \quad
 \begin{aligned}
 \text{slope: } g'(1) &= f(1) \\
 &= 0.2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y - 0.1 = 0.2(x-1)$$